

Exam paper of “Elementi di Calcolo delle Variazioni”

Pisa, 20 Luglio 2018

1. Let us consider the functional

$$F(u) = \int_0^3 (\dot{u}^2 + 3u) \, dx.$$

- (a) Discuss the minimum problem for $F(u)$ with boundary conditions $u(0) = u'(0) = 0$.
 - (b) Discuss the minimum problem for $F(u)$ with boundary condition $u(0) = 0$.
2. Discuss existence, uniqueness and regularity of the solution to the boundary value problem

$$\ddot{u} = \sinh(x + u), \quad u'(0) = 0, \quad u'(1) = 7.$$

3. Let us consider, for every $\ell > 0$, the problem

$$\inf \left\{ \int_0^\ell \{ \tanh(\dot{u}^2) + \arctan(u^3 - u^2) \} \, dx : u \in C^1([0, \ell]), \, u(0) = u(\ell) = 0 \right\}.$$

- (a) Determine for which values of ℓ the function $u_0(x) \equiv 0$ is a weak local minimum.
 - (b) Determine for which values of ℓ the function $u_0(x) \equiv 0$ is a strong local minimum.
 - (c) Compute the infimum as a function of ℓ .
4. For every real number $\ell > 0$, let us set

$$I(\ell) := \inf \left\{ \int_0^\ell (\dot{u}^6 - \dot{u}^2 + u^2 - u^4) \, dx : u \in C^1([0, \ell]), \, u(0) = 0, \, u(\ell) = 0 \right\}.$$

- (a) Determine for which positive values of ℓ it turns out that $I(\ell)$ is negative.
- (b) Determine for which positive values of ℓ it turns out that $I(\ell)$ is finite.
- (c) Compute the leading term of $I(\ell)$ as $\ell \rightarrow +\infty$.

Every step has to be *reasonably* motivated. Every exercise is marked considering the *correctedness* of the arguments provided and the *clarity* of the presentation. Just writing the answer without explanations deserves no marks.