

Dato l'integrale

$$\int_1^x (\log(1+t))/t dt$$

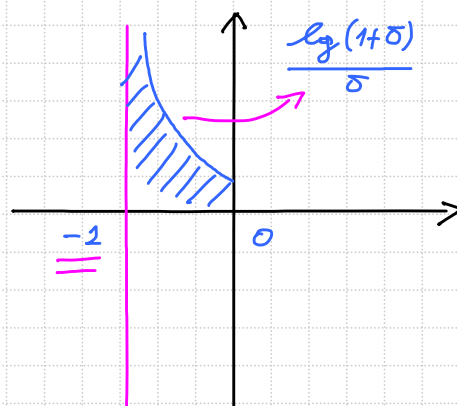
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si chiede di determinare gli x reali per cui l'integrale converge.

$$f(\delta) = \frac{\log(1+\delta)}{\delta} \quad \delta > -1 \quad \delta \neq 0$$

$$\lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log(1+\delta)}{\delta} = 1 \quad \lim_{\delta \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{\log(1+\delta)}{\delta} = +\infty$$

$$\lim_{\delta \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\log(1+\delta)}{\delta} = 0$$

PROBLEMI IN $x = -1$, CONSIDERIAMO:

$$\int_{-1}^0 \frac{\log(1+\delta)}{\delta} d\delta = ?$$

CAMBIO DI VARIABILI: $1+\delta = e^{-\gamma} \quad d\delta = -e^{-\gamma} d\gamma$

$$\leadsto \int_{+\infty}^0 \frac{-\gamma(-e^{-\gamma})}{e^{-\gamma}-1} d\gamma = \int_{+\infty}^0 \frac{\gamma}{1-e^{\gamma}} d\gamma = \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\gamma}{e^{\gamma}-1} d\gamma$$

$$\lim_{\gamma \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\gamma}{e^{\gamma}-1} = 0 \quad \lim_{\gamma \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\gamma}{e^{\gamma}-1} = 1$$

$$\int_0^{+\infty} \frac{\gamma}{e^{\gamma}} d\gamma = [-e^{-\gamma}(\gamma+1)]_0^{+\infty} = 1$$

$$\lim_{\gamma \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\cancel{\gamma}}{e^{\gamma}-1} \frac{e^{\gamma}}{\cancel{\gamma}} = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{y}{e^y - 1} dy \text{ CONVERGE PER C.A. CON } \int_0^{+\infty} \frac{y}{e^y} dy$$

$$\Rightarrow \int_{-1}^0 \frac{\lg(1+\delta)}{\delta} d\delta \text{ CONVERGE}$$

$$\leadsto \int_1^x \frac{\lg(1+\delta)}{\delta} d\delta \text{ CONVERGE } \forall x \geq -1$$